

History – Year 4 -Summer – How did the settlement of the Anglo-Saxons change Britain?

What I need to know by the end of this unit:

- The Anglo-Saxons came from what we now know as Denmark and Germany.
- The Anglo-Saxons invaded to settle over a period of time.
- A typical Anglo-Saxon settlement was made of wooden houses and huts with space for rearing animals.
- Anglo-Saxon Britain was split into seven kingdoms.
- Many English place names reflect that they were Anglo-Saxon settlements.
- Anglo-Saxon society was structured based on land ownership.
- Sutton Hoo and the Staffordshire Hoard are archaeological sites that tell us about the Anglo-Saxons.
- Anglo-Saxons were originally pagan.
- Some days of the week are named after Anglo-Saxon Gods.
- The Anglo-Saxons converted from paganism to Christianity.
- Lindisfarne was a monastery.

Vocabulary Focus – Top 5!

- **migration** - moving to a new place to settle.
- **Settlement** - a place where people live and work.
- **Significance** -something that is important, special, or has a big impact on something.
- **monastery** – a place where monks live.
- **archaeology**- the study of things people made, used and left behind.

